

Impact of COVID-19 Pandemic on Advance Care Planning and Re-setting Goals of Care in Nursing Homes

National Consumer Voice for Quality Long-Term Care
Thursday, April 2, 2020
Webinar

HOST and FACULTY

Carol Scott, Ombudsman Specialist, National Ombudsman Resource Center/National Consumer Voice for Quality Long Term Care

John G. Carney, MEd, President and CEO, CPB

Susan Saxon MSN, FNP-BC, Clinical Director Home Care Management Solutions, UPMC

Linda D. Ward, Chief Operating Officer, CPB,

Global Impact and National Crisis

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Devastating Effects

Impact of Physical Distancing/Separation
Threat to Intimacy and Integrity
Insidious nature of contagion
Vulnerability of our Population

What can we do?

What ought we do

How can we help?

Caring Conversations® in a Pandemic

Linda Ward

Caring Conversations[®]

- **Relevant information** free resources for consumers to help sort out complex situations
- **Educational programs** about advance care planning

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Caring Conversations[®]

Having an opportunity to reflect *before there is a crisis* can make the difference between:

–A family torn apart by disagreements over “what Mom would have wanted”

OR

–The peaceful, dignified end that we all want for ourselves and those we love.



ACP Conundrum

- People are reluctant to think or talk about serious illness, goals of care and death
- Especially when things are going well and people feel pretty good
- But this is exactly the time to have these conversations and make plans
- DO NOT wait until you are seriously ill
- Variety of tools to guide you through this process

COVID-19...

- The world's turned upside down...
- Americans are death averse under normal circumstances— especially when it comes to our own
- We all agree making an advance care plan is good, but only 1/3 of us actually do it.
- Easy to say death is a long way off. We can do this later.

Mistaken Beliefs

**“I’ll always be able to make
my own decisions.”**

**Not only will we not necessarily be
able to make our own decisions,
but with crisis standards, decisions
may be made for us.**

Reasons for *Caring Conversations*[®]

- 85% of us will die without capacity to make decisions/on life support—BEFORE COVID
- It can get complicated-even under normal circumstances and these are NOT normal...



Reasons for *Caring Conversations*[®]

- How we die is changing

In a pre Covid19 world, we could say that most of us will die...

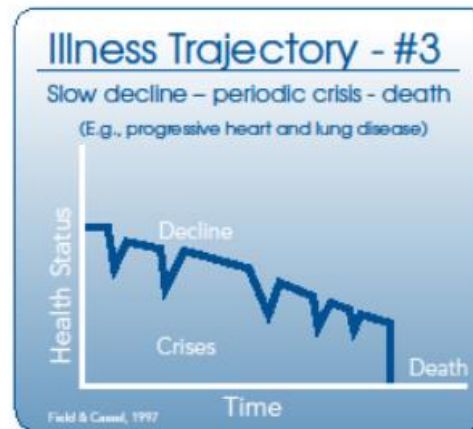
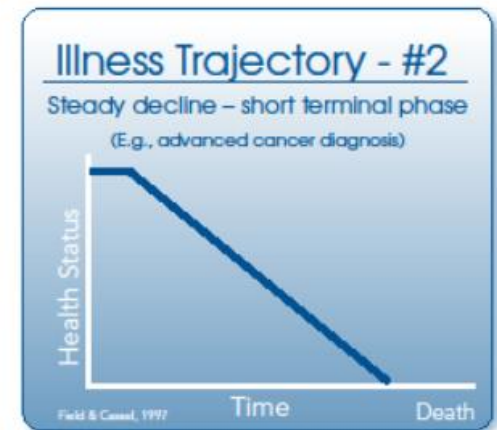
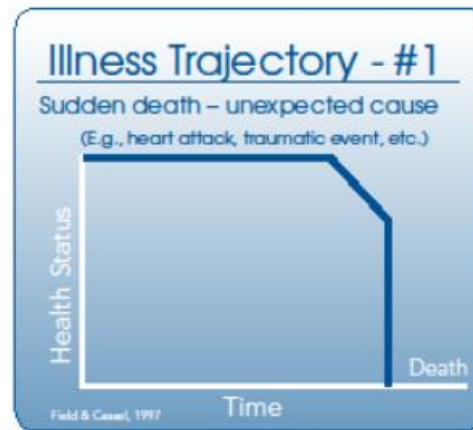
- of complications from chronic illnesses
- with slow and uncertain disease paths
- affected by dementia

Reasons for *Caring Conversations*[®]

- We had the luxury to fret about the difficulties in the process:
 - Legalistic forms are limited in what they can anticipate and how well they guide agents.
 - Anticipating all the “what ifs” can seem like an infinite puzzle—so we used a frame to help us narrow down the possible ways we will die.

Pictures of Illness

- The four basic ways a person might experience an illness or serious health condition



Non-Pandemic ACP

More relaxed process—

Reflect on your own values, what does a good life followed by a good death look like to me?

What would I want and not want as I die?

Who is the best person to speak for me when I cannot speak for myself?

Act on your reflections

- “Talk” with that person
- Get their commitment
- Discuss likely scenarios
- Document
- Share your wishes with anyone who might have a point of view about your care
- Revisit annually or when your health changes

Values and Goals

- Even before the pandemic, lots of people (including some close to you) are getting closer to changes in physical and sometimes mental capacity...
- And we know, taking the hard step of clarifying values, naming someone to speak for us, talking about it, can help.

Conversations first and here's why

Earlier conversations about patient goals and priorities for living with serious illness are associated with:

- Enhanced goal-concordant care Mack JCO 2010
- Improved quality of life
- Reduced suffering
- Better patient and family coping
- Higher patient satisfaction Detering BMJ 2010
- Less non-beneficial care and costs Wright 2008, Zhang 2009



Lesson from ACP...

What we want v. What we get



Dying at home...
Surrounded by loved
ones



ICU - Isolated from
family (waiting room)

Brave New World...

- Timeline will be significantly compressed for hundreds of thousands of us through this pandemic – Accelerated discussions
- Usual health events including injuries will continue—without regard to COVID19
- ACPs used to be all about maintaining some control of our final days
- Options are narrowed now through scarce resources

How can we retain some control of this?

- Don't delay — the time is now
- Do your own work first
- Use Facetime to talk with YOUR family
- Go slowly – technology will not promote the kind of intimate conversation required but it is better than nothing

Don't assume

My family already knows
my wishes.

- last conversation was...

Mistaken Beliefs

My doctor knows best...

I've written it down, so I don't
need to talk.

Some suggestions for the talk

- Glad you are doing OK so far
- Acknowledge it's a scary (terrifying?) time
- We know many people will get this virus
- No one is exempt
- “I want to share with you how I've been thinking about this for myself and hope you will share your thoughts, too....”

Who needs an ACP?

**Anyone 18 and older needs to
identify a health care proxy**

Reasons for *Caring Conversations*[®]

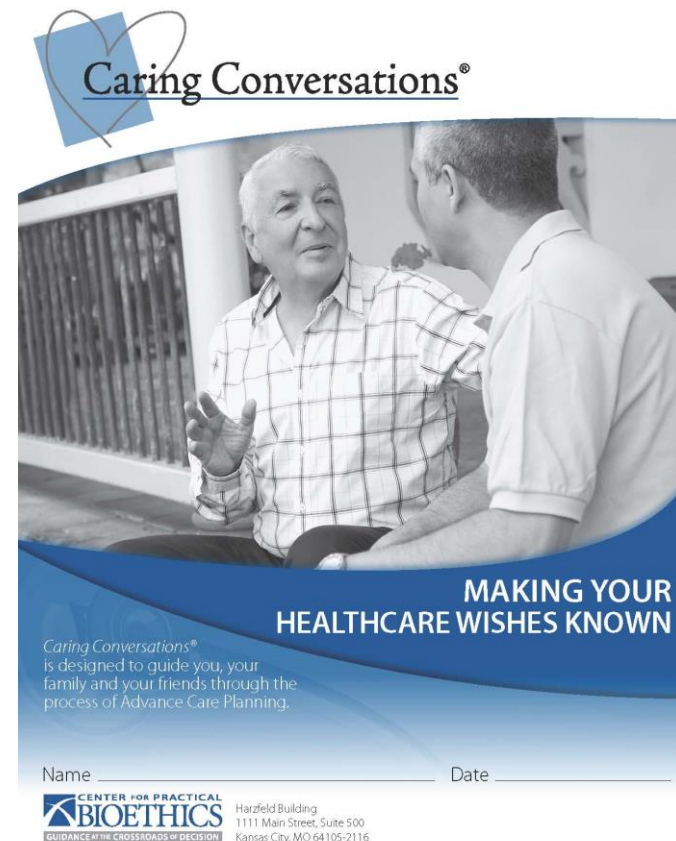
- Family and friends are often unwilling and/or uncertain agents
- Don't assume...

call from the waiting room...



Caring Conversations[®] **Workbook (overview)**

Free to
Consumers
Downloadable
Or order large
quantities online



What's next...

- Talk to those close to you
- Share your thoughts/workbook with family, staff/doctors, clergy
- Store paper copies where they can be found and upload e-version to cloud through *MyDirectives* – *more tomorrow!*

• What about the formal written documents?

This form may be photocopied and distributed. Revised February 2013 (Revised 2006)

Durable Power of Attorney for Healthcare Decisions

Take a copy of this with you whenever you go to the hospital or on a trip

It is important to choose someone to make healthcare decisions for you when you cannot make or communicate decisions for yourself. Tell the person you choose what healthcare treatments you want. The person you choose will be your agent. He or she will have the right to make decisions for your healthcare. If you DO NOT choose someone to make decisions for you, write NONE on the line for the agent's name.

I, _____, SS# _____ (optional), appoint the person named in this document to be my agent to make my healthcare decisions.

This document is a Durable Power of Attorney for Healthcare Decisions. My agent's power shall not end if I become incapacitated or if there is uncertainty that I am dead. This document revokes any prior Durable Power of Attorney for Healthcare Decisions. My agent may not appoint anyone else to make decisions for me. My agent and caregivers are protected from any claims based on following this Durable Power of Attorney for Healthcare. My agent shall not be responsible for any costs associated with my care. I give my agent full power to make all decisions for me about my healthcare, including the power to direct the withholding or withdrawal of life-prolonging treatment, including artificially supplied nutrition and hydration/tube feeding. My agent is authorized to:

- Consent, refuse, or withdraw consent to any care, procedure, treatment, or service to diagnose, treat, or maintain a physical or mental condition, including artificial nutrition and hydration;
- Permit, refuse, or withdraw permission to participate in federally regulated research related to my condition or disorder
- Make all necessary arrangements for any hospital, psychiatric treatment facility, hospice, nursing home, or other healthcare organization; and, employ or discharge healthcare personnel (any person who is authorized or permitted by the laws of the state to provide healthcare services) as he or she shall deem necessary for my physical, mental, or emotional well-being;
- Request, receive, review, and authorize sending any information regarding my physical or mental health, or my personal affairs, including medical and hospital records; and execute any releases that may be required to obtain such information;
- Move me into or out of any State or institution;
- Take legal action, if needed;
- Make decisions about autopsy, tissue and organ donation, and the disposition of my body in conformity with state law; and
- Become my guardian if one is needed.

In exercising this power, I expect my agent to be guided by my directions as we discussed them prior to this appointment and/or to be guided by my Healthcare Directive (see reverse side).

If you DO NOT want the person (agent) you name to be able to do one or other of the above things, draw a line through the statement and put your initials at the end of the line.

Agent's name _____ Phone _____ Email _____
Address _____

If you do not want to name an alternate, write "none."
Alternate Agent's name _____ Phone _____ Email _____
Address _____

Execution and Effective Date of Appointment
My agent's authority is effective immediately for the limited purpose of having full access to my medical records and to confer with my healthcare providers and me about my condition. My agent's authority to make all healthcare and related decisions for me is effective when and only when I cannot make my own healthcare decisions.

SIGN HERE for the Durable Power of Attorney and/or Healthcare Directive forms. Many states require notarization. It is recommended for the residents of all states. Please ask two persons to witness your signature who are not related to you or financially connected to your estate.

Signature _____ Date _____
Witness _____ Date _____ Witness _____ Date _____

Notarization:
On this _____ day of _____, in the year of _____, personally appeared before me the person signing, known by me to be the person who completed this document and acknowledged it as his/her free act and deed. IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand and affixed my official seal in the County of _____, State of _____, on the date written above.

Notary Public _____
Commission Expires _____

Healthcare Treatment Directive

I, _____, SS# _____ (optional) want everyone who cares for me to know what healthcare I want.

I always expect to be given care and treatment for pain or discomfort even if such care may affect how I sleep, eat, or breathe.

I want my dying to be as natural as possible. Therefore, I direct that no treatment (including food or water by tube) be given just to keep my body functioning when I have

- a condition that will cause me to die soon, or
- a condition so bad (including substantial brain damage or brain disease) that I have no reasonable hope of achieving a quality of life that is acceptable to me.

An acceptable quality of life to me is one that includes the following capacities and values. (Describe here the things that are most important to you when you are making decisions to choose or refuse life-sustaining treatments.)

Examples: • recognize family or friends • make decisions • communicate
• feed myself • take care of myself • be responsive to my environment

I want my doctor to try treatments on a time-limited basis when the goal is to restore my health or help me experience a life in a way consistent with my values and wishes. I want such treatments withdrawn when they cannot achieve this goal or become too burdensome to me.

Among the time-limited treatments I would not agree to under any circumstances are the following: _____

Examples: • resuscitation (CPR) • dialysis • ventilator
• food or water by tube • chemotherapy • transfusions
• antibiotics • surgery

In facing the end of my life, I expect my agent (if I have one) and my caregivers to honor my wishes, values, and directives.

Be sure to sign the reverse side of this page even if you do not wish to appoint a Durable Power of Attorney for Healthcare Decisions

If you only want to name a Durable Power of Attorney for Healthcare Decisions, draw a large X through this page.

Talk about this form and your ideas about your healthcare with the person you have chosen to make decisions for you, your doctors, family, friends, and clergy. Give each of them a completed copy.

You may cancel or change this form at any time. You should review it often. Each time you review it, put your initials and the date here. _____

This document is provided as a service by the Center for Practical Bioethics.
For more information, call the Center for Practical Bioethics 816-221-1100
E-mail – bioethi@practicalbioethics.org • Web site – www.practicalbioethics.org

Tools to Help Start the Conversation

Workbook

Conversation Starter



For information
contact the Center:

- **816-221-1100**
- **lward@practicalbioethics.org**
- **<http://www.practicalbioethics.org>**

ACP during the COVID-19 Pandemic

Susan Saxon RN,
MSN, FNP-BC
Clinical Director
UPMC Innovative
Home Care Solutions
saxonsr@upmc.edu

Facts about COVID-19

- Serious health threat to frail and elderly.
- 3x more contagious than influenza
- 10x more deadly than influenza
- No treatment, care is supportive
- Individuals can be carriers, and not become infected
- Virus not a bacteria
- Testing tells us the epidemiology and helps with tracking
- Death is due to respiratory failure, secondary to interstitial pneumonia.

Goals for Advance Care Planning

- Map out plans for future care
- Best before a crisis
- Encourage conversations with family and loved ones.
- Clarify diagnosis, prognosis and life expectancy
- Educate
- Identify individual's values

POLST and Medical Orders

- Use as a guide or outline for conversation
- Code Status: yes or no
- Degree of Medical Interventions
 - Full, Selected and Comfort
- Additional Orders
- Nutrition

Evidence

- **CPR**
 - Survival rate about 17% when occurring in-hospital.
 - Survival rate 7.5% outside hospital (community setting)
 - Of those who survive CPR in long term care <1%, most die within 120 days.
- **Mechanical Ventilation**-short term effective, long term high morbidity and mortality.

Evidence

- Tube feedings do not prolong life and may cause more complications.
- Withholding artificial nutrition is neither painful nor uncomfortable. People adapt physiologically to decreases intake of food and fluid
- Dehydration has a sedating effect.
- IV Hydration-at EOL can increase suffering,(fluid accumulation in the tissues, and increased secretions).
- Antibiotics can cause complications and may not be palliative.
 - Pneumonia can be managed through comfort measures

Assessing life expectancy

- Functional predictors: impairment in ADL
- Cognitive predictors: moderate to severe dementia
- Nutritional predictors: weight loss, fluid accumulation, sarcopenia
- Patients self-report
- Critical Illness in patients with moderate to severe debility=high mortality.

Debility and Critical Illness

- More than half died within 1 month or experienced significant functional decline over the following year with poor outcomes in those who had high levels of pre-morbid disability.
- Does decisions for ICU make sense when we know the outcome is the same?

Ferrante et al: studied functional trajectories in older adults both prospectively and following admission to an ICU

Components of the Goals of Care Discussion

- Introductions
- Take the emotional pulse/empathize
 - Emotional will not be able to listen to the cognitive
- Clarify the purpose of the meeting
 - Define why everyone is meeting
 - Discuss why this meeting is important
 - Include that this is about the planning for future medical care.

- Don't force a decision
- Start with the basics: DNR, feeding tubes
- Restate “ as I understand you, it sounds like you want___ and do not want _____. Is that correct?
- Based on my understanding of your values and goals and what I think is best, my plan will be to _____. Is that OK?

Clarify and Conclude

Ethics during a crisis

- Hospitals and physicians will need to balance individual needs of each patient and larger needs of community.
- Decision to not institute aggressive rescue treatment is ethically allowable as is withdrawal of treatment when it does not achieve goal
- Emotionally difficult for families to withdrawal treatment
- The fact that we are facing a crisis is an ethical lesson.
- Allowing for a natural death.

Tools and Resources

[CAPC COVID-19 Response Resources](#)

[COVID Ready Communication from VitalTalk](#)

[POLST and COVID-19](#)

[Working with Families Facing Undesired Outcomes \(SWHPN\)](#)

Tools and Resources

[A decision aid for patients considering life support at a time of COVID-19](#) Univ of CO

[Caring Conversations](#)

And tomorrow...

Tomorrow-Electronic Options



The screenshot shows the MyDirectives website interface. At the top left is the MyDirectives logo. To the right is a navigation menu with links for Home, How It Works, About, Contact, and Help. Further right are two buttons: 'Returning User' and 'New User'. Below the navigation is a large banner area. On the left side of the banner, there is the Center for Practical Bioethics logo and the text 'Trauma can happen at any time'. Below this text is a paragraph explaining that MyDirectives and the Center for Practical Bioethics offer a free account for uploading, storing, and sharing Caring Conversations Workbooks and forms. A link 'Click Upload an Existing Document to get started.' is provided. At the bottom of this section is a blue button labeled 'Upload an Existing Document'. On the right side of the banner is a photograph of an elderly couple smiling.

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Trauma can happen
at any time

MyDirectives and Center for Practical Bioethics are partners offering you a FREE account to upload, store and share your Caring Conversations Workbook and forms.

Click [Upload an Existing Document](#) to get started.

[Upload an Existing Document](#)

Questions?

THANKS for all you are doing!

STAY WELL

JOHN G. CARNEY, PRESIDENT AND CEO
LINDA WARD, CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER
CENTER FOR PRACTICAL BIOETHICS
1111 MAIN SUITE 500
KANSAS CITY, MO 64105

JCARNEY@PRACTICALBIOETHICS.ORG

816.979.1353

LWARD@PRACTICALBIOETHICS.ORG

816.979.1362

Consumer Voice: Getting Quality Care

<https://theconsumervoice.org/issues/recipients/nursing-home-residents/getting-quality-care/advance-care-planning>



Specialized Information for:

Long-Term Care Consumers

Family Members

Advocates

Advance Care Planning

Advance care planning is making decisions about the care you would want to receive if you become unable to speak for yourself. These are your decisions to make, regardless of what you choose for your care, and the decisions are based on your personal values, preferences, and discussions with your loved ones. Find information and resources below on advance care planning.

Dying in America: Improving Quality and Honoring Individual Preferences Near the End of Life

In **Dying in America**, a consensus report from the Institute of Medicine (IOM), a committee of experts finds that improving the quality and availability of medical and social services for patients and their families could not only enhance quality of life through the end of life, but may also contribute to a more sustainable care system. This report was recently made into a podcast series available **here**. For further information, view the **Powerpoint** given by Judith R. Peres, LCSW-C, on the report at the Consumer Voice Annual Conference.

FAST FACTS: Advance Care Planning

This **consumer fact sheet** from Advancing Excellence explains the importance of advance planning for care after a debilitating illness or at the end of life.

Making Your Wishes Known: Advance Care Planning and the Legal Landscape

This **Powerpoint**, presented by Charles P. Sabatino, JD at the 2014 Consumer Voice Annual Conference, covers how laws and regulations influence advance care planning. It covers the legislative history, what advance directives can and can't do, and several approaches to developing advance directives.

NORC Issues Page

<https://ltcombudsman.org/issues/advance-care-planning-and-end-of-life-care>

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the National Consumer Voice website. The URL in the address bar is [combudsman.org/issues/advance-care-planning-and-end-of-life-care#Consumers](https://ltcombudsman.org/issues/advance-care-planning-and-end-of-life-care#Consumers). The website has a green header with the text "National Consumer Voice" and a search bar. Below the header is a navigation menu with links for Home, News, About, New ombudsman?, Library, Events, Support, and Issues. A central banner features the logo for "The National Long-Term Care Ombudsman Resource Center" and a section titled "Specialized Information for:" with three categories: Nursing Homes, Assisted Living/Board & Care, and Home and Community Based Services. On the left side, there are two call-to-action boxes: "Locate an Ombudsman" and "Are You A New Ombudsman?". The main content area is titled "Advance Care Planning and End of Life Care" and includes a "Back to Issues" button. Below the title is a list of three items: "Advance Care Planning", "End of Life Care", and "Information to Share with Consumers". The "Advance Care Planning" item is expanded, showing a paragraph of text and a section titled "Advance Care Planning for Residents - Role and Responsibilities of Long-Term Care Ombudsmen (NORC Webinar)".

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combudsman.org/issues/advance-care-planning-and-end-of-life-care#Consumers

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← Back to Issues

Advance Care Planning and End of Life Care

- **Advance Care Planning**
- **End of Life Care**
- **Information to Share with Consumers**

Advance Care Planning

Advance care planning is making decisions about the care you would want to receive if you become unable to speak for yourself. These are your decisions to make, regardless of what you choose for your care, and the decisions are based on your personal values, preferences, and discussions with your loved ones.

Advance Care Planning for Residents - Role and Responsibilities of Long-Term Care Ombudsmen (NORC Webinar)

Planning in advance about care you would want to receive, or not, if you become unable to speak

.pptx | Webinar ACP duri...pptx

to search